

Programme Specification (Undergraduate)

For students entering in 2018/19

Date amended: January 2018

1. Programme Title(s) and UCAS code(s):

MGeol Applied and Environmental Geology F611

MGeol Applied and Environmental Geology with a Year Abroad*

MGeol Applied and Environmental Geology with a Year in Industry**

- * selected when on course and currently Year Abroad in New Zealand is not available for this degree programme.
- ** selected when on course.

2. Awarding body or institution:

University of Leicester

3. a) Mode of study:

Full time

b) Type of study:

Campus-based

4. Registration periods:

The normal period of registration is four years (five years for year in industry)

The maximum period of registration is six years (seven years for year in industry)

5. Typical entry requirements:

A-level: AAB including at least two from: Biology, Chemistry, Computer Science, Environmental Science, Geography, Geology, Maths or Physics.

International Baccalaureate: Pass diploma with 34 points including some science based subjects at higher level.

6. Accreditation of Prior Learning:

APL will not be accepted for exemptions from individual modules, however may be considered for direct entry to year 2, on a case by case and subject to the general provisions of the University APL policy.

7. Programme aims:

The programme aims to

- provide students with a breadth of knowledge of Applied and Environmental Geology, and exposure to areas of research at the cutting edge of the Applied and Environmental Earth Sciences;
- provide students with a thorough understanding of the theoretical and practical applications of Applied and Environmental Geology in the study of the Earth, and environmental and societal issues;
- equip students with transferable and subject-specific skills necessary for a career in the Earth Sciences, other science based industries, education, and for training at management levels in other professions;
- promote the development of ICT and written, oral and presentation skills appropriate for a science graduate at the MGeol level;
- 5) stimulate students to develop a wide range of independent and team skills;

- 6) ensure that students benefit from an extensive programme of work in the field, developing fundamental geological knowledge through observation and critical analysis as well as developing personal and character skills;
- provide students, via the curriculum and research expertise of staff, with a first training in research and research techniques appropriate for further postgraduate study or a research position in industry;
- 8) provide students with the environment in which to develop their interest in Applied and Environmental Geology;
- 9) enthuse and motivate all students to achieve their full potential in their degree course.
- 10) provide breadth and depth, via advanced M-level modules, in the subject area of Applied and Environmental Geology;
- 11) provide students with a training in, and appreciation of, research methods in Applied and Environmental Geology.

Additional aims and objectives for Year Abroad degree

The Year Abroad will provide students with the opportunity to spend their third year of academic study at the University of Arizona, USA.

In addition, for the 'with Industry' variant

• To provide experience of applications of geology and other professional skills in Industry and to reinforce knowledge through their use in different environments

8. Reference points used to inform the programme specification:

QAA Benchmarking Statement for <u>Earth sciences</u>, <u>environmental sciences</u> and <u>environmental studies</u> (2014)

Degree programmes broadly concerned with earth sciences

- 2.4 It is anticipated that all graduates have appropriate knowledge of the main aspects of the Earth sciences, as listed:
- A holistic view of the present and past interactions between components of the Earth system, including the effects of extra-terrestrial influences on these interactions.
- The cycling of matter and the flows of energy into, between and within the solid Earth, the Earth's surface, the hydrosphere, the atmosphere and the biosphere.
- The study of the biological, chemical and physical processes that underpin our understanding of the structure, materials and processes relevant to the Earth and planetary bodies.
- The central paradigms in the Earth sciences: uniformitarianism (the present is the key to the past); the extent of geological time; evolution (the history of life on Earth); and plate tectonics
- Geological time, including the principles of stratigraphy, the stratigraphic column, the methods of geochronology, the rates of Earth processes, major events in Earth history, the evolution of life as revealed by the fossil record, the quaternary and anthropocene.
- Collection and analysis of Earth science data in the field, and the appropriate presentation, manipulation and extrapolation of these sometimes incomplete data in both two and three-dimensions, including the generation of geological maps and cross sections.
- The study of structures, materials and processes that includes an appreciation of temporal and spatial variations at appropriate scales.
- The study of the structure, the composition and the materials of the solid Earth (core, mantle, crust, asthenosphere, lithosphere and so on), the hydrosphere, the atmosphere, the cryosphere and the biosphere, and the processes operating within and between them.
- An understanding of other planetary bodies.
- Earth science terminology, nomenclature and classification of rocks, minerals, fossils, and

- geological structures.
- The identification of rocks, minerals, fossils, and geological structures.
- Surveying and measurement both in the field and laboratory, and using quantitative and instrumental techniques.
- An awareness that the understanding and knowledge gained from the subject and its application
 has to be considered within a wider socio-economic and environmental context. This may include:
- the exploration for and development of Earth resources (for example, hydrocarbons, minerals, water, carbon dioxide sequestration, aggregates and radioactive waste)
- the use of past climates to understand climate change
- geological aspects of human impact on the environment
- geohazards (for example, flooding, earthquakes, volcanic eruptions and landslides) and their impact on society and the environment
- an Earth science perspective on sustainability, environmental impact and social awareness.
- 2.5 Typical programme elements might include: engineering geology; geochemistry; geological mapping; geomorphology; geophysics; geographic information systems and remote sensing applications; hydrogeology; igneous and metamorphic petrology, local and global tectonics; mineralogy; mineral deposits; natural hazards;; palaeobiology; palaeoclimatology; palaeontology; petroleum geology; petrology; sedimentology; stratigraphy; and structural geology.
- 2.6 Applications of the subject areas might include the exploration, development and remediation/storage of Earth resources (e.g. hydrocarbons, minerals, water, carbon dioxide sequestration, aggregates & radioactive waste), using past climates to understand climate change and the impact on the environment and society, civil engineering projects (e.g. land restoration, site investigations and waste disposal and understanding geohazards (e.g. flooding, earthquakes, volcanic eruptions and landslides.

In addition, the Programme Specifications were informed by:

- QAA Frameworks for Higher Education Qualifications in England Wales and Northern Ireland QAA Benchmarking Statement
- PDR report (November 2013)
- University Learning Strategy
- University Employability Strategy
- University of Leicester Academic Audit Evaluation
- NSS
- First Destination Survey
- External Examiner's Reports
- Accreditation by the Geological Society of London

http://www.geolsoc.org.uk/en/Education%20and%20Careers/Universities/Degree%20Accreditation/First%20Degree%20Programmes%20in%20Geoscience/Currently%20Accredited%20First%20Degree%20Programmes

9. Programme Outcomes:

| Intended Learning | Teaching and Learning | How Demonstrated? |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Outcomes | Methods | |
| | ine specific knowledge and c | |
| | stery of an appropriate body of kn | · · |
| Discuss and explain the | Lectures; Tutorials; Practical | Written and practical |
| general principles and | classes; Seminars; Field Courses; | examinations, including short- |
| techniques of Applied and | Demonstrations; Example sheets; | answer and essay examinations; |
| Environmental Geology, | Resource-based learning; | Problem-based examinations; |
| including the structure, | Directed reading; Problem- | Coursework; Module tests; |
| composition and evolution of | solving classes. | Essays; Assessment of field |
| the Earth, its | | reports and maps; Poster |
| interrelationships with the | | presentations; Field notebooks; |
| hydrosphere, cryosphere, | | Problem-based exercises, written |
| biosphere, and atmosphere | | reports. |
| and the perturbations of | | |
| these systems by | | |
| extraterrestrial influences. | | |
| | | |
| Describe the issues | As above | |
| associated with exploitation | | As above |
| of resources and the | | |
| protection of the | | |
| environment. | | |

| Intended Learning Outcomes | Teaching and Learning Methods | How Demonstrated? |
|---|---|---|
| (ii) Understand | ing and application of key concept | s and techniques |
| Describe, identify and interpret a range of geological materials in the laboratory and field; select appropriate techniques to enable this; and explain geological relationships. | Lectures; Tutorials; Practical classes; Field Courses; Demonstrations; Example sheets; Resource-based learning; Directed reading. | Written and practical examinations, including shortanswer and essay examinations; Problem-based examinations; Field notebooks. |
| Examine, record and interpret the geology (senso lato) of a region via a range of field-based techniques. | Lectures; Tutorials; Practical classes; Field Courses; Demonstrations; Independent field work. | Practical examination; Report and field notebook and map assessment |
| Explain geological time, rates and fluxes, and the techniques required to determine them. | Lectures, Tutorials, Practical classes; Seminars; Field Courses; Demonstrations; Example sheets; Resource-based learning; Directed reading; Problemsolving classes. | Written and practical examinations, including shortanswer and essay examinations; Problem-based examinations. |
| Select geological knowledge and data for modeling purposes (for example, for evaluation of scientific hypotheses, for hazard mitigation, or for resource estimation). | Lectures; Tutorials; Practical classes; Field Courses; Demonstrations. | Written and practical examinations, including short-answer and essay examinations; Problem-based examinations; field notebooks. |
| Describe the importance of geological materials as resources, their exploitation and associated environmental impact. | Lectures; Tutorials; Practical classes; Field Courses; Demonstrations. | Exam and group work. |
| Demonstrate and apply knowledge of safety procedures in the field. | Field-based practical classes and demonstrations | Demonstration and role play. |
| Discuss and explain the processes of mineral deposit formation and those processes that disseminate contaminants through the environment. | Lectures; Tutorials; Practical classes; Field Courses; Demonstrations. | Written and practical examinations, including short-answer and essay examinations; Problem-based examinations; field notebooks. |

| Intended Learning Outcomes | Teaching and Learning Methods | How Demonstrated? |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Demonstrate and apply | Supervised classes and training | MGeol research project diary and |
| knowledge of safety | with appropriate staff and | report. |
| procedures in the laboratory. | supervisors. | , |
| Demonstrate a knowledge of | Supervised laboratory classes, | MGeol Research project poster, |
| a number of research | discussion sessions with project | report, project diary, associated |
| techniques and procedures | supervisors. | oral presentation. |
| · | · | · |
| | (iii) Critical analysis of key issue | l |
| Identify theories paradigms, | Lectures; Tutorials; Practical | Written and practical |
| concepts and principles; | classes; Field Courses; | examinations, including short- |
| apply scientific principles to | Demonstrations; Example sheets; | answer and essay examinations; |
| evaluate current geological | Resource-based learning; | MGeol research project report |
| paradigms; and evaluate | Directed reading. | and project diary; Problem-based |
| environmental and societal | | examinations; Coursework; |
| aspects of the Earth's | | Module tests; Essays; Tutorial |
| resources. | | discussions. |
| | | |
| | Clear and concise presentation of I | 1 |
| Synthesise and interpret | Tutorials; Group seminars; | Essays, essay-based |
| results, in order to | Practical classes | examinations; independent |
| effectively communicate (via | | projects; MGeol research project |
| written, oral, graphical | | report, poster and project diary; |
| means) data and ideas to a | | contributions to tutorial |
| range of audiences. | | discussions; poster displays; |
| () 2 11 | | reports; group talks. |
| | al appraisal of evidence with approp | |
| Debate geological ideas. | Lectures; Tutorials; Practical | Essays; essay- and practical |
| Construct and test scientific | classes; Seminars; Field Courses; | examinations; reports; |
| hypotheses and analyse | Demonstrations; Directed | presentations. |
| using geological data. | reading; Problem-solving classes. | |
| (vi |) Other discipline specific compete | encies |
| Conduct a range of field- | Field courses, practical classes | Report, field notebook, and |
| based studies (e.g. geological | and demonstrations. | geological map. Practical |
| mapping and recording of | | examinations. |
| field observations). | | |
| , | | |
| Develop responsibility for | | |
| the immediate working | Field-based classes and projects. | Staff-monitoring of hazard |
| environment. | | assessment forms. Assessment of |
| | | fieldwork. |
| Describe risks for hazard | | |
| assessment for field-based | | |
| work. Identify safe practice. | Field-based classes and projects. | Staff-monitoring of hazard |
| , , , | , , , , , , , | assessment forms. Assessment of |
| | | fieldwork. |
| Explain the geological | | |
| structure and history of an | Field classes, lectures, practical | Independent field project report. |
| area. | classes. | |
| | | |
| | | |

| Intended Learning | Teaching and Learning | How Demonstrated? |
|--|--|---|
| Outcomes | Methods b) Transferable skills | |
| | (i) Oral communication | |
| Present geological data and theories using appropriate methods. | Tutorials; Group seminars/discussions; field-based presentations. | Oral presentations in tutorials and classes; MGeol research project oral presentation; MGeol poster discussions |
| Discuss and review geological topics in tutorial and other group discussions, and respond effectively to questioning. | Tutorials; Group seminars/discussions; field-based presentations. | Oral presentations in tutorials and classes |
| Effectively lead and direct discussion of controversial subject-specific topics. | Discussion groups within module. | Oral presentation in classes and assessment of debating skills and contributions. |
| | (ii) Written communication | |
| Communicate effectively and appropriately in a variety of written formats including essays, reports, projects, CVs and posters | Tutorials, demonstrations and guidance notes | Assessed essays, reports, poster displays, and examinations |
| | Practical classes, demonstrations, fieldwork, independent project work | Field notebooks; assessed practical folders; assessed reports. |
| | (iii) Information technology | |
| Use spreadsheets or other software to enter, manipulate and display numerical data. | Subject-embedded exercises. Tutorials. | Assessed report; practical assignments. |
| Use appropriate software packages to prepare written reports, essays, posters and presentations (e.g. Word, PowerPoint) | Report-writing for tutorials; subject-embedded exercises; presentation to tutorial groups and classes. | Assessed report; tutorial and practical assignments; independent work assignments; MGeol Research project report, poster and oral presentation. |
| Critically review information from electronic sources. | Tutorial and class supported information retrieval for projects, essays and reports. | Assessed report; tutorial; practical assignments and independent work assignments (including MGeol research project report). |

| Intended Learning Outcomes | Teaching and Learning | How Demonstrated? |
|---|---|---|
| Outcomes | Methods | |
| Select appropriate numerical, statistical and graphical methods to explain and interpret geological concepts. | (iv) Numeracy Introduced in the first year within practical classes and tutorials. | Mid-semester progress tests and as components within subject specific modules throughout the three years of study; feedback on practical class assignments. |
| | (v) Team working | |
| Organize and work effectively within a team, and evaluate performance of self and of team. | Tutorials, seminars, practical classes, project work, and field-based discussions. | Tutorial-based assessments; assessed practical work, and team fieldwork. |
| Identify self and team goals and responsibilities for team working. | As above. | As above. |
| | (vi) Problem solving | |
| Solve numerical, spatial, temporal and geometrical problems. | Lectures, tutorials, practical and field classes, group work, projects. | Assessment of field notebooks, practical class work, project work and reports. |
| Solve problems with incomplete or contradictory information. | Field and practical classes, independent research supervisory sessions. | Dissertation; independent field project and poster; MGeol research project report and poster. |
| | (vii) Information handling | |
| Effectively search for, gather and utilise information relevant to geological problem solving. | Lectures, tutorials, practicals, study skills within tutorials, field and lab-based projects. | Tutorial assignments, project work. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Teaching and Learning Methods (viii) Skills for lifelong learning | How Demonstrated? |
| Demonstrate intellectual independence via independent research. | Independent project work, including field-based project work; MGeol research project; dissertation. | Assessed independent work. Coursework within modules; MGeol project report, poster, oral presentations, dissertation. |
| Develop and implement a personal plan of work to meet a deadline. | All of the above, and particularly independent project work. | Assessed independent work including MGeol research project; field project, coursework within modules. |
| Identify targets for personal, career and academic development. | All of the above, and particularly independent project work and in tutorials. | Assessed independent work. Successful Placement for Year in Industry Students |
| Plan and execute an independent research project | Project planning classes, supervisory sessions, independent research project. | Assessed MGeol research project |

10. Progression points:

In cases where a student has failed to meet a requirement to progress he or she will be required to withdraw from the course

In order for a student to continue on an M.Geol course, they will normally be expected to achieve an average mark of at least 60% at the end of the second year. Students whose overall average is less than 60% but more than 55% will be considered individually; they normally are required to achieve a mark of at least 60% in at least 60 credits of second year modules. Students who do not achieve the standard required for M.Geol, including those who have an average 2nd year mark of less than 55%, will be transferred to the B.Sc. degree course.

For Year in Industry Variant:

Progression onto the Year in Industry placement preparation module will require a 1st year CWA of 50%. Students who undertake the placement preparation module, but do not obtain a placement or do not satisfactorily complete (attendance, participation and completion of set tasks) the placement year will be transferred to the standard degree programme.

11. Scheme of Assessment

The programme follows the standard scheme of award and classification set out in <u>Senate Regulation</u> <u>5</u>.

12. Special features:

Residential field courses

Group problem solving

Student centered learning – small-group tutorials

Field-based project

Accessible, extensive mineral, rock and fossils undergraduate teaching collections, including ore deposits

Modules incorporating industry-standard software training and application

Department-based specialist careers advisors

Independent research project

'Hot Topics' student-led debating/seminar module

Access to state-of-the-art analytical facilities for research projects

Placements

Students undertake a year in industry between the second and third years of their programme. Progression onto the Year in Industry placement preparation module will require a 1st year CWA of 50%. Students who undertake the placement preparation module, but do not obtain a placement or do not satisfactorily complete (attendance, participation and completion of set tasks) the placement year will be transferred to the standard degree programme.

As a condition of the 'with Industry' programme, students are required to undertake preparatory training during the second year of their degree.

Students are responsible for securing their own placement but will receive support in this from the Career Development Service. .

Once in placement, students will need to register their University 'attendance' by logging on to a dedicated Blackboard site once a week. In the course of the placement the student will receive one or two visits from a member of staff. The second 'visit' can be in the form of a Skype call. Should a student secure an overseas placement both visits will typically be delivered via a Skype call.

While in placement, students will be required to complete an online log. The placement log requires

students to undertake reflective activities which are marked on a pass/fail basis. This, together with the final summative reflective report, constitutes the assessment for the placement year. Students have to submit the final report within one month of finishing the placement, and are allowed to resubmit once if required.

If a student fails to secure a placement or does not meet the academic progression requirements at the end of year 2, they will be transferred to the non-industry variant of their degree programme.

13. Indications of programme quality

Accreditation by the Geological Society of London.

The research interests of the staff strongly inform the teaching programme. External industry involvement with the development of parts of the teaching programme, including the integration of relevant software and access to case studies.

Quotes from recent External Examiners:

'The department is excellent and deserves its reputation as one of the leading centres of geoscience teaching/research in Europe.'

'I believe that the BSc and MGeol programmes in Applied and Environmental Geology to be of high quality, delivered by a dedicated set of professional academics. I was impressed by the diverse range of assessment styles and the extremely positive reactions of the students to the course and the staff team.'

14. External Examiners

The details of the External Examiner(s) for this programme and the most recent External Examiners' reports can be found here.

Appendix 1: Programme structure (programme regulations)

MGEOL APPLIED AND ENVIRONMENTAL GEOLOGY

| FIRST YEAR MODULES | | |
|------------------------|--|----------|
| Core Modules | | Credits |
| | YEAR LONG | |
| GL1100 | Tutorials | 15 |
| GL1101 | The Rock Cycle: our dynamic earth | 30 |
| | | |
| | SEMESTER 1 | |
| GL1102 | Micro to Macro | 15 |
| GL1103 | Palaeobiology and the Stratigraphic | 15 |
| | Record | |
| | | |
| | SEMESTER 2 | |
| GL1104 | Natural Resources and the | 15 |
| GL1105 | Environment | 15 |
| GL1105 GL1106 | Geological Maps and Structures Introductory Field Course | 15 15 |
| 911106 | Introductory Field Course | 15 |
| SECOND YEAR MODULES | | |
| Core Modules | | Credits |
| Core modules | YEAR LONG | Credits |
| GL2100 | Geological Field Skills | 30 |
| | | |
| | SEMESTER 1 | |
| GL2106 | Introductory Mineral Deposits | 15 |
| GL2105 | Depositional Processes and | 15 |
| | Environments | |
| GL2103 | Magmatic and Metamorphic | 15 |
| | Processes | |
| | | |
| | SEMESTER 2 | |
| GL2104 | Interpreting Geological Maps and | 15 |
| C12102 | Stratigraphy Structure and Tectonics | 15 |
| GL2102 GL2101 | | 15 15 |
| GL2101 | Earth and Ocean Systems | 15 |
| | | |
| THIRD YEAR MODULES | | |
| Core Modules | | Credits |
| | SEMESTER 1 | |
| GL3100 | Field Based Project | 30 |
| GL3102 | Environmental Geoscience | 15 |
| | | |
| | SEMESTER 2 | |
| GL3101 | Dissertation | 15 |
| GL3109 | Mineral Exploration and Evaluation | 15 |
| GL3113 | Applied Field Course | 15 |
| | | |
| Optional Modules | | Credits |
| (To choose 15 credits) | SEMESTER 1 | |
| GL3103 | Petroleum Reservoir Petrophysics | 15 |
| GL3104 | Concepts in sedimentology and | 15 |
| | stratigraphy with applications to | |
| | reservoir geoscience | |
| | | |

| (To choose 15 credits) | SEMESTER 2 | |
|----------------------------------|--|---------|
| GL3105 | Earth Science in Education | 15 |
| GL3106 | Planetary Science | 15 |
| GL3107 | Reflection Seismology | 15 |
| GL3108 | Geological Application of | 15 |
| | Microfossils | |
| GL3110 | Advanced Mineral Deposits | 15 |
| GY3434 | Stable Isotopes in the Environment | 15 |
| FOURTH YEAR MODULES | | |
| Core Modules | | Credits |
| | YEAR LONG | |
| GL4100 | Hot Topics | 15 |
| GL4102 | Research Project (AEG) | 60 |
| | SEMESTER 1 | |
| GL4107 | Ore Genesis | 15 |
| Must choose either: | | |
| GL4105 | Overseas Field Course | 15 |
| GL4106 | Urban Geology | 15 |
| | SEMESTER 2 | |
| Optional Modules | | Credits |
| (To choose 15 credits) | | |
| , | SEMESTER 1 | |
| GL4106 ^a | Urban Geology | 15 |
| GL4110 | Igneous Petrogenesis | 15 |
| GY4471 | Fundamentals of GIS | 15 |
| | SEMESTER 2 | |
| GL4111 | Methods and Modelling in Palaeoclimatology | 15 |
| a – available if GL4105 chosen a | | |

MGEOL APPLIED AND ENVIRONMENTAL GEOLOGY WITH A YEAR IN INDUSTRY

| FIRST YEAR MODULES | | |
|---------------------|--|---------|
| Core Modules | | Credits |
| | YEAR LONG | |
| GL1100 | Tutorials | 15 |
| GL1101 | The Rock Cycle: our dynamic earth | 30 |
| | SEMESTER 1 | |
| GL1102 | Micro to Macro | 15 |
| GL1103 | Palaeobiology and the Stratigraphic Record | 15 |
| | | |
| | SEMESTER 2 | |
| GL1104 | Natural Resources and the Environment | 15 |
| GL1105 | Geological Maps and Structures | 15 |
| GL1106 | Introductory Field Course | 15 |
| SECOND YEAR MODULES | | |
| Core Modules | | Credits |
| | YEAR LONG | |
| GL2100 | Geological Field Skills | 30 |
| | | |

| | SEMESTER 1 | |
|---|--|----------|
| GL2106 | Introductory Mineral Deposits | 15 |
| GL2105 | Depositional Processes and Environments | 15 |
| GL2103 | Magmatic and Metamorphic Processes | 15 |
| | | |
| CLOADA | SEMESTER 2 | 45 |
| GL2104 | Interpreting Geological Maps and Stratigraphy | 15 |
| GL2102 | Structure and Tectonics | 15 |
| GL2101 | Earth and Ocean Systems | 15 |
| | YEAR LONG | |
| ADGL2200 | Placement Preparation | 0 |
| | The second of th | · |
| THIRD YEAR MODULES | | |
| Core Modules | | Credits |
| | SEMESTER 1 | |
| GL3100 | Field Based Project | 30 |
| GL3102 | Environmental Geoscience | 15 |
| | SEMESTER 2 | |
| GL3101 | Dissertation | 15 |
| GL3109 | Mineral Exploration and Evaluation | 15 |
| GL3113 | Applied Field Course | 15 |
| 0 11 11 11 | | 0 III |
| Optional Modules (To choose 15 credits) | SEMESTER 1 | Credits |
| GL3103 | Petroleum Reservoir Petrophysics | 15 |
| GL3104 | Concepts in sedimentology and | 15 |
| GE3104 | stratigraphy with applications to reservoir geoscience | |
| | | |
| (To choose 15 credits) | SEMESTER 2 | |
| GL3105 | Earth Science in Education | 15 |
| GL3106 | Planetary Science | 15 |
| GL3107 GL3108 | Reflection Seismology Geological Application of | 15 15 |
| OLJ100 | Microfossils | 15 |
| GL3110 | Advanced Mineral Deposits | 15 |
| GY3434 | Stable Isotopes in the Environment | 15 |
| FOURTH YEAR MODULES | | |
| Core Modules | | Credits |
| COLC INIONALES | YEAR LONG | Crouits |
| GL4100 | Hot Topics | 15 |
| GL4102 | Research Project (AEG) | 60 |
| | CEMPETED 4 | |
| GL4107 | SEMESTER 1 Ore Genesis | 15 |
| Must choose either: | OTE GETIESIS | 13 |
| GL4105 | Overseas Field Course | 15 |
| | Urban Geology | 15 |
| GL4106 | 1 | <u> </u> |
| GL4106 | | |
| GL4106 | SEMESTER 2 | |

| (To choose 15 credits) | | |
|--|--------------------------|----|
| | SEMESTER 1 | |
| GL4106 ^a | Urban Geology | 15 |
| GL4110 | Igneous Petrogenesis | 15 |
| GY4471 | Fundamentals of GIS | 15 |
| | SEMESTER 2 | |
| GL4111 | Methods and Modelling in | 15 |
| | Palaeoclimatology | |
| a – available if GL4105 chosen as core | | |

THIRD YEAR

Students who gain an industry placement will be assessed as per the standard model for undergraduate placements in the College of Science and Engineering. The marks from this year will not be included in the final degree assessment.

MGeol GEOLOGY WITH APPLIED GEOLOGY WITH A YEAR ABROAD

| FIRST YEAR MODULES | | |
|---------------------|---|---------|
| Core Modules | | Credits |
| | YEAR LONG | |
| GL1100 | Tutorials | 15 |
| GL1101 | The Rock Cycle: our dynamic earth | 30 |
| | | |
| | SEMESTER 1 | |
| GL1102 | Micro to Macro | 15 |
| GL1103 | Palaeobiology and the Stratigraphic Record | 15 |
| | SEMESTER 2 | |
| GL1104 | Natural Resources and the Environment | 15 |
| GL1105 | Geological Maps and Structures | 15 |
| GL1106 | Introductory Field Course | 15 |
| SECOND YEAR MODULES | | |
| Core Modules | | Credits |
| | YEAR LONG | |
| GL2100 | Geological Field Skills | 30 |
| | | |
| | SEMESTER 1 | |
| GL2103 | Magmatic and Metamorphic Processes | 15 |
| GL2105 | Depositional Processes and Environments | 15 |
| GL2106 | Introductory Mineral Deposits | 15 |
| | | |
| | SEMESTER 2 | |
| GL2104 | Interpreting Geological Maps and Stratigraphy | 15 |
| GL2101 | Earth and Ocean Systems | 15 |
| GL2102 | Structure and Tectonics | 15 |

The third year will be spent at the University of Arizona and modules taken there will substitute for 100 credits of normal third-year modules of the M.Geol. Applied and Environmental Geology at Leicester.

| FOURTH YEAR MODULES | | |
|--|---|---------|
| Core Modules | | Credits |
| | YEAR LONG | |
| GL4100 | Hot Topics | 15 |
| GL4102 | Research Project (AEG) | 60 |
| | SEMESTER 1 | |
| GL4107 | Ore Genesis | 15 |
| Must choose either: | | |
| GL4105 | Overseas Field Course | 15 |
| GL4106 | Urban Geology | 15 |
| | SEMESTER 2 | |
| Optional Modules | | Credits |
| (To choose 15 credits) | | |
| | SEMESTER 1 | |
| GL4106 ^a | Urban Geology | 15 |
| GL4110 | Igneous Petrogenesis | 15 |
| GY4471 | Fundamentals of GIS | 15 |
| | SEMESTER 2 | |
| GL4111 | Methods and Modelling in Palaeoclimatology | 15 |
| a – available if GL4105 chosen as core | | |

Appendix 2: Module specifications

See module specification database http://www2.le.ac.uk/offices/sas2/courses/documentation

Appendix 3: Skills matrix