**STFC funded PhD Project**

**Reference:** STFC-Fletcher

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**Project Title:** Giant Planet Origins from the James Webb Space Telescope

**Project Description**

The James Webb Space Telescope (JWST) will be the premier observatory for infrared astronomy and planetary science for the coming decade. Researchers at the University of Leicester were directly involved in the development of the MIRI instrument (5-30 micron spectroscopy in the mid-infrared), and Leicester planetary scientists have unique access to guaranteed-time observations of all four giant planets, to be acquired during the first year of operations (2022-23). We expect to obtain a rich new dataset, consisting of high-resolution spectroscopic maps of all four giants, supported by images from ground-based observatories.

These will be used to study the meteorology and chemistry of these worlds, but are also able to offer new insights into the bulk composition of their atmospheres. By comparing how the elemental abundances and isotopic ratios vary as a function of distance from the Sun, we can place constraints on the primordial reservoirs of icy and rocky material accessible to the forming protoplanets. The PhD candidate will explore the distribution of carbon, nitrogen, sulphur, and deuterium using state-of-the-art spectroscopic inversion techniques, coupled with the development of sophisticated data reduction pipelines for this world-class facility.

The PhD candidate would be welcomed to a team of planetary atmospheres researchers at Leicester, to be trained in inversions of infrared spectroscopy to extract useful information on temperatures, chemical distributions, clouds, and atmospheric dynamics. The student will use a well-developed suite of radiative transfer and spectral inversion tools (known as NEMESIS) to compare previous spacecraft observations to the highly-anticipated new data from JWST. Through these studies, the student will gain skills in processing and manipulating spacecraft data, extensive software development, and will have the opportunity to engage with the wider community of planetary observers across the globe.

JWST observations will be supplemented by a campaign of ground-based supporting observations from world-leading facilities (e.g., observatories in Chile and Hawaii). Given the risks involved with the JWST mission, this studentship can also be undertaken with existing spacecraft and ground-based data.

With Leicester's current involvement in Juno and JWST, and future involvement in the Jupiter Icy Moons Explorer (JUICE) and Ice Giant missions, this Planetary Science PhD project offers the potential for exciting new discoveries on the giant planets. Successful PhD candidates would have some prior background in coding, as they will be using Fortran, IDL, and Python-based packages on Leicester's High-Performance Computing facility. Some prior knowledge of planetary atmospheric science and radiative transfer is desirable.

**References**

* Fletcher et al. (2021), The JWST Giant Planet Atmospheres Programme, https://doi.org/10.5194/epsc2021-39, 2021.
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* P.G.J. Irwin, Giant Planets of our Solar System, Springer-Praxis